#### <u>Punctuation</u>

Punctuation that your child will be using.

Punctuation	Definition	Example
Full stop		The sun
	Used at the	was
	end of	shining
	sentences	today.
Capital letter	ABCD	She
•	Used at the	waved to
	beginning of	her mum.
	sentences	
	and when	Sarah
	writing	waved to
	proper	Michael.
	nouns (Names and	
	places)	
Question	pid003)	What is
mark		your
	?	favourite
		colour?
Exclamation		Watch out!
mark	!	Waton out.
	An	What a
	exclamation	beautiful
	mark is the	day!
	sign which	
	is used in	
	writing to	
	show that a	
	word, phrase, or	
	sentence is	
	an	
	exclamation	

## The National Curriculum

Grammar is the way in which words are put together to form proper sentences. It is part of our National Curriculum and the children are expected to know and be able to use the terminology as part of their everyday learning. We teach grammar through formal lessons as well as weaving it into all learning so that it is integral in all we do.

## What to do if you are still confused!

If you are ever struggling with any of the content that comes home from school, please make an appointment to see your class teacher. We are here to help and working together will help your child's progress at school.

#### Useful websites

https://www.theschoolrun.com/primarygrammar-glossary-for-parents

https://www.scholastic.com/parents/booksand-reading/raise-a-reader-blog/2-waysto-help-kids-fall-love-grammar.html

https://www.oxfordowl.co.uk/forhome/grammar-punctuation-and-spellingmade-easy/

# Mytchett Primary School A guide to grammar and punctuation for Year One families

We know how daunting the grammar and punctuation in the National Curriculum can be. We hope that this guide will help you with some of the terminology that comes home for Home Learning. Thank you for your ongoing support.



#### <u>Grammar</u>

Grammar that your child will be using.

Grammar	Definition	Example
Sentence	A group of words that are put together to mean something.	The sky is blue. Today is Tuesday. Her dress looked beautiful.
Singular	Singular forms refer to one thing (noun).	Cat Church Child Tooth Foot

Plural	Plural forms refer to more than one noun. Plural usually marked by addition of - s, es.	Cats Churches Children Teeth Feet Sheep
	Some nouns are mass nouns and do not change in the plural.	e.g. china, coffee
Pronoun	A word in place of a noun. Used to avoid repetition.	They were on the bus. He sat down quietly.

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	Suffix	A group of letters added to the end of a word to change its grammatical use.	Call- called Teach- teacher Fly- flying
ſ	Prefix	A group of letters added to the end of a word to change its grammatical use.	Dismiss Untidy Inedible